



Turf Master LLC

SOD DELIVERY INSTALLATION

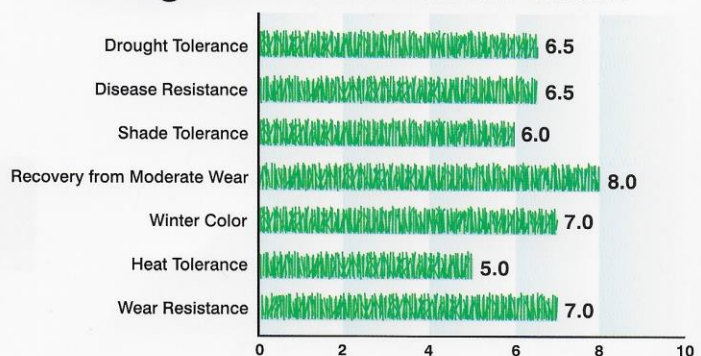
Bluegrass



Bluegrass is the most common turfgrass used in the Rocky Mountain region. Many varieties of Bluegrass are well suited to the West. Bluegrass is so widely used because of its characteristics of drought-resistance, excellent green color, fine leaf texture, and quick recovery from wear. Bluegrass has moderate traffic tolerance and wear resistance, with the ability to recover quickly from occasional abuse. The natural rhizome structure of Bluegrass will fill in damaged areas. The improved varieties of Bluegrass green up early in the spring and have good winter and summer performance. Bluegrass thrives in full sun and can tolerate up to approximately 30% shade.

- **Excellent green color**
- **Fine leaf texture**
- **Dense, carpet-like appearance**
- **Quick recovery from wear**
- **Improved blend suited to the West**

Bluegrass Performance Chart



Bluegrass

MAINTENANCE

WATERING:

- **WEEK 1:** It is critical to water new turf the first 7 days. New sod requires 1¾" to 2¼" of water per day for the first 7 days. Total amount should be split up over 4 or 5 watering periods each day.
- The warmer the temperature the more water you need to apply!
- **WEEK 2:** After the first 7 days, water at the rate of 1" to 2" per day for 9 days, split up over 1 to 3 watering periods per day.
- **WEEK 3:** If watering restrictions allow, water 1" per day every other day for 7 days. After the first two or three weeks, revert to watering 1-2 times per week as local watering restrictions allow.

Sandy soil requires more frequent watering than clay soil. Special attention should be paid to slopes and mounds where runoff occurs. More frequent, shorter watering may be necessary in such locations.

FERTILIZATION: Apply Turfmaster high phosphorous fertilizer at time of installation to promote root production. Follow up with Turfmaster blended fertilizers 4 to 5 times per year. Light green is an indication that your lawn needs fertilizer.

MOWING: Mow 10 days to 2 weeks after installation. Mow to a height of 2 to 3-1/2 inches. Bluegrass should be mowed at least once a week. Never mow more than one-third of the blade at one time, as it may injure the plant.

DISEASES & INSECTS: Bluegrass is fairly resistant to common disease problems. New varieties have improved resistance to diseases such as leafspot, Stripe smut, powdery mildew, dollar spot, Typhula blight, summer patch and rusts. The appearance of brown spots may be a result of a watering problem. If brown spots remain after adjusting your watering routine, a disease may be present. Bluegrass is susceptible to Denver Bill Bug, Bill Bug and Sod Webworm. Practically all insects that damage lawns can be controlled biologically or with insecticides. Rust can be a problem also.

TECHNICAL DATA

COMMON NAME: Bluegrass

GROWTH RATE: Summer: ¾ to 1¼" per week

ROOT DEPTH: 4 to 8 inches, depending upon soil type and watering patterns and soil preparation.

ADAPTABILITY

SOILS RANGE: Fair tolerance to saline soil conditions. Amendments are recommended for heavy clay soils to promote drainage.

SHADE TOLERANCE: Prefers full sun, but tolerates 30% shade.

GEOGRAPHIC RANGE: Rocky Mountain Region.

STANDARDS AND MEASURES

State inspected and certified for noxious weeds, diseases and insects.

SIZE:

- 10 sq. ft. per roll. Each roll is 2 ft. by 5 ft.
- Soil thickness ½" to 1½" top growth
- 500 sq. ft. per pallet

BIG ROLLS:

- 200 to 350 sq. ft.

WEIGHT: 2,000 to 2,800 lbs. per pallet

Grown from 100% Weed Free Seed - 98% Purity



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